## **Faculti Summary**

https://faculti.net/conceptualising-the-emancipatory-potential-of-populism/

This video video discusses the significant socioeconomic upheaval in South Africa, primarily driven by the country's highly industrialized economy, rooted in its colonial history and the establishment of the mineral energy complex, particularly focused on coal mining and power generation. This video video complex has been central to economic and political struggles, with vested interests tied to both historical apartheid structures and current elite groups seeking government contracts and control over energy resources.

The mineral energy complex is crucial not only for political elites but also for the livelihoods of approximately 200,000 workers and their dependents in coal-related jobs. The urgency to reform this system is underscored by South Africa's status as a major global carbon emitter, raising concerns over climate change impacts, especially since the country contributes to pollution in less industrialized neighboring nations.

The document highlights global pressures for a just energy transition, particularly following agreements made during the COP climate summits with Western donors. However, the transition raises complex political challenges, including fears among working-class communities about job losses and economic instability associated with dismantling the coal sector. Many workers express anxiety about rapid changes without proper consultation, training, or planning for a post-coal future.

The current situation is marked by a divergence between labor unions and the ruling party, with growing concerns over the speed of the energy transition and who stands to benefit from it. Workers and unions are demanding a slower transition to ensure their livelihoods and involvement in decision-making processes. This video video concludes that the South African government must prioritize these local community concerns while pursuing decarbonization to avoid political instability and ensure both environmental and social justice.