Faculti Summary

https://faculti.net/back-to-the-future-the-identification-of-market-power-in-the-big-data-sector/

This video discusses the relationship between big data and market power, particularly in the context of competition law. It emphasizes that possessing and processing big data can give a company significant market power, potentially leading to anti-competitive behaviors. The author suggests that traditional economic theories used to assess market power in 3D markets may not be directly applicable to the complex, multi-sided nature of big data markets.

Key points include:

- 1. **Market Power and Competition**: The core inquiry is whether an entity with access to big data can adversely affect competition in its market. The assessment of market power is fundamental to antitrust law, as it can indicate a firm's ability to distort competition.
- 2. **Big Data's Complexity**: The big data economy is characterized as multi-sided, meaning it involves multiple user groups (e.g., sellers and buyers on a platform), creating feedback loops and network effects that complicate traditional market assessments.
- 3. **New Paradigms for Assessment**: The author advocates for the creation of new frameworks for assessing market power in the context of big data, rather than merely applying existing ones from traditional markets. This video includes considering factors like data uniqueness and the ability to process data.
- 4. **Essential Facilities and Contestability**: This video introduces concepts such as the essential facilities doctrine, which examines how control of critical infrastructure (like data) can raise barriers to market entry for competitors, and the theory of contestable markets, which discusses how barriers to entry affect market competitiveness.
- 5. **Practical Implications**: It emphasizes the need for a holistic approach when assessing market power in the big data sector, which requires understanding the implications of data ownership and processing capabilities on competition, even if the company doesn't operate directly in an advertising space.

In conclusion, the text posits that a deeper understanding and innovative assessment tools are necessary to evaluate the competitive dynamics of the big data economy effectively.