

Faculti Summary

<https://faculti.net/martial-law-in-south-korea/>

This video outlines the historical context of martial law in South Korea, highlighting its invocation during political crises. It states that martial law allows military leaders to deploy troops, suspend civil rights, and suppress opposition. Key events mentioned include coups led by General Park Chung-hee in 1961 and Major General Chun Doo-hwan in 1979, both of which were aimed at consolidating power and diminishing pro-democracy movements. While the South Korean Constitution permits martial law in severe crises, its application has raised controversy due to perceived abuse in undermining democratic institutions and freedoms.